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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/647,253	08/26/2003	Yasunori Ando	116942	2080	
75	90 06/22/2006		EXAMINER		
Oliff & Berridge, PLC			HOFFMANN, JOHN M		
Suite 500 277 South Washington Street			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Alexandria, VA			1731 DATE MAILED: 06/22/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	Y				
Office Action Summary		10/647,253	ANDO ET AL.					
		Examiner	Art Unit					
		John Hoffmann	1731					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tiruly and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communica ED (35 U.S.C.§ 133).					
Status								
2a)⊠	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 May 2006</u> . 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	ion of Claims							
5) □ 6) ☑ 7) □ 8) □ Applicati 9) □ 10) □	Claim(s) 14,15,17 and 18 is/are pending in the 4a), Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 14-15,17 and 18 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or ion Papers The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceed to the proper of the drawing sheet(s) including the correction is objected to by the Examiner content of the drawing sheet(s) including the correction is objected to by the Examiner content of the drawing sheet(s) including the correction including the correction in the drawing sheet(s) in the drawing sheet(s) including the correction in the drawing sheet(s)	vn from consideration. r election requirement. r. epted or b) □ objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Selon is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). njected to. See 37 CFR 1.12					
•	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	: Action or form PTO-152	•				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
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2) Notic 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:						

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B.

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 14-15 and 17-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Japanese publication 1-188479 (KATO) in view of Schonfelder 5746969.

Kato discloses the invention, except for the use of oxides (see prior Office action). Schonfelder discloses that a mixture of yttria and alumina is a "particularly advantageous" sintering aid (col. 4, line 57-63). It would have been obvious to use both oxides to aid the Kato sintering, because it is advantageous to do so. As to the specific amounts, it would have been obvious to perform routine experimentation to determine the optimal amounts.

For the rest of the limitations, see how Kato was previously applied.

.Claims 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over.

Japanese publication 1-188479 and Schonfelder 5746969 as discussed above, and further in view of Kingery, "Introduction to Ceramics" 2nd ed page 9.

From page 9, lines 5-10 of Kingery, particle size is one of the "most critical factors" in ceramics processing. It would have been obvious to perform routine experimentation to determine the optimal particle size for the yttria, such being a critical result-effective variable.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Whereas Applicant points out that Mangels does not teach both

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oxides as sintering aids, it is well known to include both. IT is noted that other references of record (besides Schonfelder) confirm that such was known at the time of invention.

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Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John Hoffmann whose telephone number is (571) 272 1191. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 7:00- 3:30.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steve Griffin can be reached on 571-272-1189. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 5//1-2/72/1004.

John Høffmann Primary Examiner Page 5

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